

Unusual Birds with a Few Sightings in the Park

Double crested cormorants - 4/15/02 White winged crossbills - Winter of 2009

Key Birding Areas and Information

"Birding by Ear" is key when among the tall, ancient pines and hemlocks of Cook Forest State Park. The park is listed as an Important Bird Area by the National Audubon Society with many key species located within 2,000 acres of old growth forest.

Birders should find Blackburnian warblers along the Longfellow Trail within the Forest Cathedral, a registered National Natural Landmark, along with scarlet tanagers, chestnut-sided and black-throated green warblers. The threatened Swainson's thrush has also been noted here as well as the old growth forest surrounding Ridge Camp and along Fire Tower Rd.

See chimney swifts in the Forest Cathedral utilize their natural habitat, dead standing trees, not your neighbor's chimney. If you still can't find them in the woods, it's guaranteed to see them using the Ranger Station's chimney.

Woodpeckers thrive in the park. On an exceptional day a birder can see downy, hairy, red-bellied, and pileated woodpeckers, as well as common flickers, and yellow-bellied sapsuckers.

Black-throated blue warblers are often found near the Seneca Point Overlook and Fire Tower #9.

Louisiana waterthrush have been noted along Toms Run on the Liggett Trail and on Browns Run just upstream from Toms Run Road.

The Toms Run Valley is excellent for wood and hermit thrushes. Veerys can sometimes be heard along the Clarion River at dusk and dawn. Screech-owls and sometimes saw-whet owls take over the river watch at night. Great horned and barred owls have been known to keep folks up all

night at Ridge Camp.

Watch for rare spring migratory waterfowl along the Clarion River.

Double-crested cormorants, common terns, and common loons have been known to make a rare appearance in late March and early April. Common mergansers are truly "common" along the river, but watching them drive minnows to the shallows in echelon is quite a site. Keep an eye out for wood ducks and nest boxes along the south bank. Listen for the chatter of the belted kingfisher as they hunt from short perches along the river bank.

Bufflehead show up like clockwork every spring on the river in the exact same eddies as in years past.

Cliff and barn swallows nest under the PA 36 Cooksburg Bridge. Some have noted rough-winged swallows here as well.

Bald eagles are becoming more common along the river. Osprey are much more difficult to find. Keep an eye out for nests!

The Fire Tower is a nice spot for fall migratory raptors. Take advantage of seeing many birds from their level. Parula warblers like to hang out in the emergent pines here.

Parula warblers should easily be found at the park office, as well as Baltimore orioles and American goldfinch. Rose-breasted grosbeaks sometimes show up for free seed.

Don't forget winter at Cook Forest. White-winged and red crossbills have been known to make an appearance in the pine forests. Pine siskins sometimes drop in at the park office feeder.

Birds Cook Forest State Park

Date	Time
Weather	
Observer	

& Access for People with Disabilities

If you need an accommodation to participate in park activities due to a disability, please contact the park you plan to visit.

Cook Forest State Park

113 River Road Cooksburg, PA 16217-0120 814-744-8407

email: cookforestsp@pa.gov www.visitPAparks.com





How to Use This Checklist

Carry this list when birding and write down the number of birds you see. The birds are arranged in the same order as most modern bird field guides.

The Ease of Finding Code

The ease-of-finding codes consider each species' abundance, frequency and conspicuousness (size, color, habits, habitats). For example, although warblers may be more numerous than hawks, the hawk is given the higher code because of its size and soaring flight. Because the warbler is small, quiet and lives in the dense treetops, it has a low code.

	Probably will find
	Might find
	Lucky to find
	Never seen in this parl
*	Irruptive

Habitat Codes

Many birds will rarely be found outside of their habitat. Use the code to help you identify where the bird will likely be found.

Forest - areas dominated by trees

Water - areas like lakes, ponds and wetlands

Scrub - overgrown fields, scrub growth, edge

Field - crops or mown playfields

★ Anywhere - any habitat

Bold birds are known nesters in the park.

About This List

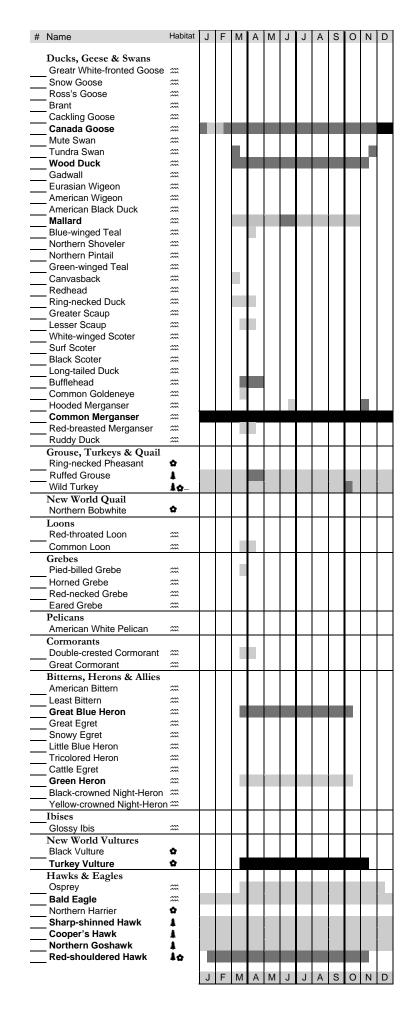
This list includes birds likely to be found in Pennsylvania, as compiled by the Pennsylvania Ornithological Records Committee. The only birds not on this list are *casual* and *provisional* birds that are rare visitors to Pennsylvania.

Thanks

Special thanks goes out to Margaret Buckwalter and the Seneca Rocks Audubon Society and Doug Gross, PA Game Commission biologist, for their many years of dedicated service for this project. Their work through the PSO Special Areas Project was instrumental in putting this checklist together resulting in Cook Forest State Park being designated as an Important Bird Area by the National Audubon Society. Thanks to the Pennsylvania Society for Ornithology for their Special Areas Project data.

How You Can Help

- Report to the park office sightings of rare birds or unusual dates of birds.
- Do not disturb birds or harass wildlife.
- Stay on hiking trails to reduce habitat destruction.
- Do not litter.
- Respect the property rights of adjacent landowners and the privacy of others.
- Share the joy of birding with others.



# Name	Habitat	J	F	М	Α	М	J	J	Α	S	0	N	D
Hawks & Eagles (cont'd)													
Broad-winged Hawk	1												
Red-tailed Hawk	۵												
Rough-legged Hawk Golden Eagle	&												
Falcons													
American Kestrel	۵												
Merlin	•												
Peregrine Falcon Rails & Coots	•												
Virginia Rail	<i>m</i>												
Sora	222												
Common Moorhen	m												
American Coot	<i>m</i>												
Cranes Sandhill Crane	<i>m</i>												
Plovers													
Black-bellied Plover	m												
American Golden-Plover	<i>2</i> 22												
Semipalmated Plover	<i>™</i> <i>™</i> –												
Killdeer Avocets	<i>m</i> -												
American Avocet	<u>m</u>												
Sandpipers & Phalaropes													
Greater Yellowlegs	222												
Lesser Yellowlegs Solitary Sandpiper	<i>m</i> <i>m</i>												
Willet	<i>m</i>												
Spotted Sandpiper	222												
Whimbrel	m												
Ruddy Turnstone	<i>m</i>												
Red Knot Sanderling	<i>m</i>												
Semipalmated Sandpiper	<i>m</i>												
Western Sandpiper	<i>m</i>												
Least Sandpiper	<i>m</i>												
White-rumped Sandpiper Baird's Sandpiper	<i>m</i>												
Pectoral Sandpiper	<i>m</i>												
Dunlin	m												
Stilt Sandpiper	<i>m</i>												
Buff-breasted Sandpiper Short-billed Dowitcher	<i>m</i>												
Long-billed Dowitcher	<i>m</i>												
Wilson's Snipe	٠												
American Woodcock	✿_												
Wilson's Phalarope	<i>m</i>												
Red-necked Phalarope Gulls & Terns	m												
Laughing Gull	<i>m</i>												
Franklin's Gull	m												
Little Gull	<i>m</i>												
Bonaparte's Gull Ring-billed Gull	<i>™</i> <i>™</i> –												
Herring Gull	m_												
Thayer's Gull	<i>m</i>												
Iceland Gull	<i>m</i>												
Lesser Black-backed Gull Glaucous Gull	<i>m</i> <i>m</i>												
Great Black-backed Gull	<i>m</i>												
Caspian Tern	m												
Common Tern	<i>m</i>												
Forster's Tern Black Tern	<i>m</i>												
Pigeons & Doves	m												
Rock Pigeon	۵	L	L		L	L		L					
Mourning Dove	۵												
Cuckoos													
Black-billed Cuckoo Yellow-billed Cuckoo	☆ ☆												
Barn Owls	w		-										
Barn Owl	۵												
Typical Owls													
Eastern Screech-Owl													
Great Horned Owl Snowy Owl	*												
Barred Owl	ı												
+													
		J	F	М	Α	М	J	J	Α	S	0	N	D

Name	Habitat	J	F	М	Α	М	J	J	Α	S	0	N
Typical Owls (cont'd)												
Long-eared Owl	1											
Short-eared Owl	Q											
Northern Saw-whet Owl	1											
Goatsuckers												
Common Nighthawk	1											
Whip-poor-will	1											
Swifts												
Chimney Swift	*											
Hummingbirds												
Ruby-throated Humming	٠											
Rufous Hummingbird	•											
	-											
Kingfishers												
Belted Kingfisher	<i>m</i>											
Woodpeckers & Allies												
Red-headed Woodpecker	\$ \$											
Red-bellied Woodpecker	*											
Yellow-bellied Sapsucker	1											
Downy Woodpecker	1											
Hairy Woodpecker	1											
Northern Flicker	1		I									
Pileated Woodpecker	1											
Tyrant Flycatchers												
Olive-sided Flycatcher	1	Ì	Ì	l	Ī				Ì	l		
Eastern Wood-Pewee	Ī											
Yellow-bellied Flycatcher	1											
Acadian Flycatcher	*											
Alder Flycatcher	# ##		Ì	ĺ								
Willow Flycatcher	mo		Ì	ĺ						ĺ		
Least Flycatcher	*											
Eastern Phoebe	*											
Great Crested Flycatcher												
Eastern Kingbird	\$											
Shrikes												
Northern Shrike	۵											
Vireos												
White-eyed Vireo	۵											
Yellow-throated Vireo	1											
Blue-headed Vireo	Ī											
Warbling Vireo	1											
Philadelphia Vireo	*											
	*											
Red-eyed Vireo	*											
Jays & Crows												
Blue Jay	*											
American Crow	*											
Fish Crow	*											
Common Raven	4											
Larks												
Horned Lark	-											
Swallows												
Purple Martin	≈\$		Ì	ĺ	L	L	L	L	L	L		
Tree Swallow	m o	Ì	Ì	l								
N. Rough-winged Swallow	22	Ì	Ì	l								
Bank Swallow	22	1										
Cliff Swallow	200		Ì	ĺ								
Barn Swallow	20 C		Ì	ĺ								
Chickadees & Titmice		\vdash	\vdash	<u> </u>								
Carolina Chickadee	1		Ì	ĺ						ĺ		
Black-capped Chickadee	-		_	_	_			L	_	_	_	
	4											
Tufted Titmouse		F			Ħ						F	
Nuthatches						_					_	
Red-breasted Nuthatch	.											
White-breasted Nuthatch	1	F	П		П			П	П		Ħ	
Creepers												
Brown Creeper	1											
Wrens												
Carolina Wren	10		Ì	ĺ								
House Wren	*		Ì	ĺ								
Winter Wren	Â											
Marsh Wren	* <i>m</i>											
	m	\vdash	\vdash	_	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash		\vdash	_	\vdash	
Kinglets				_	_			L		_	_	
Golden-crowned Kinglet	1							Ħ				
Ruby-crowned Kinglet	<u> </u>											
Gnatcatchers			Ì	ĺ						ĺ		
Blue-gray Gnatcatcher	1	$oxed{oxed}$		<u> </u>	L	$ldsymbol{ld}}}}}}$			$oxed{oxed}$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
		1	1	1				1		l		
		J	F	М	Α	М	J	J	Α	S	0	Ν

^{*} Irruptive - These visitors can be seen in large numbers or be absent. Their presence varies from year to year and depends greatly on the weather in very distant parts of the continent.